

## The 2008 SNA update

An Overview
June XY, 2021
UN [RC] Inception Webinar

**United Nations Statistics Division** 

### Three-pronged approach

#### **Technical research**

- ➤ [Sub/Joint] Task Teams
- Specific timeline and outputs
- > Draft guidance notes:
  - ☐ clarification, interpretation or change;
  - central system,supplementary tables, orsatellite accounts;
  - ☐ implementation tested through country experimentation and testing

#### **Broad consultation**

- Involve broad set of users in the discussion, including policymakers, academia and private sector representatives
- Regular regional and global consultancies;
- ➤ Global user conferences on economic statistics

# **Ensuring overall consistency**

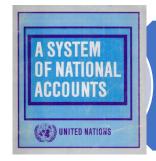
Collaborate with experts in: classifications, BPM, GFSM, MFSM, SEEA, labor, prices, agriculture, and business and trade statistics, etc.

# **Updating Macroeconomic Accounting Standards**

- ➤ Macroeconomic Accounting Standards (i.e., the System of National Accounts, Balance of Payments, Government Finance Statistics Manual, Monetary and Financial Statistics Manual and Compilation Guide (MFSMCG)) are regularly updated to reflect changes in the economy.
- The "updates" can be categorized into three main groups:
  - 1. Conceptual Updates (i.e., change in what is measured)
  - 2. Methodological Updates (i.e., change in how activities are measured)
  - 3. Presentational Updates (i.e., change in how the statistics are presented)



1953 SNA



1968 SNA

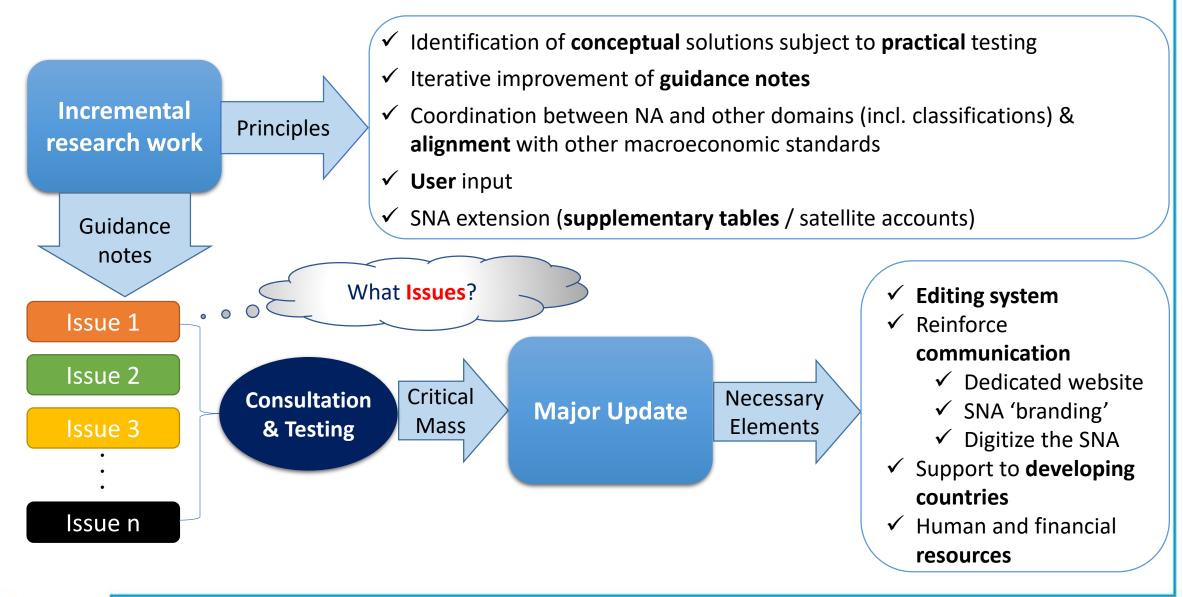


1993 SNA

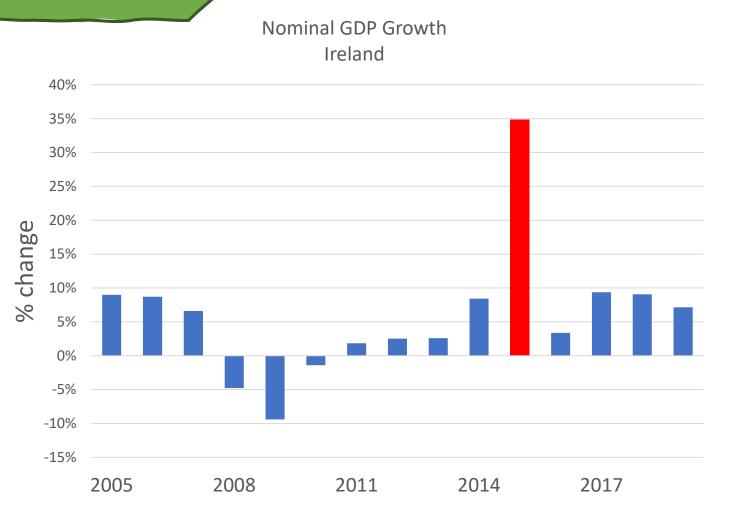


**2008 SNA** 

### SNA update process as approved by the 2020 UNSC



# How much of this is—real" GAP?





## What is the value of Data?

**Experimental Stock Estimates - Canada** 

Data 11.8b

Databases 9.8b

Data Science 13.1b

Investment in 'data", 'databases' and 'data science'

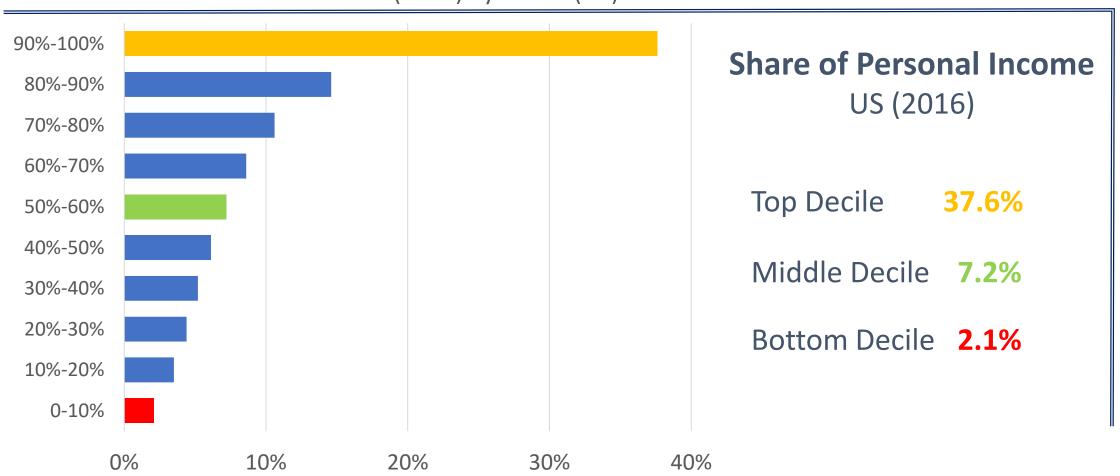
	2005	2010	2015	2018	
		millions of dollars:			
Total of all data-related categories					
lower range value	14,693	17,788	26,029	29,455	
upper range value	19,995	24,125	35,192	40,025	
"Data"					
llower range value	6,777	7,559	8,916	9,418	
upper range value	9,742	10,840	13,448	14,216	
"Databases"					
lower range value	3,087	4,143	5,945	8,046	
upper range value	4,564	6,104	8,599	11,625	
"Data science"					
lower range value	4,829	6,085	11,168	11,991	
upper range value	5,6819	7,181	13,145	14,184	
		percent			
Annual growth rate:		•			
lower range value		3.9	7.9	4.2	
upper range value		3_8	7.8	4.4	

<sup>...</sup> not applicable

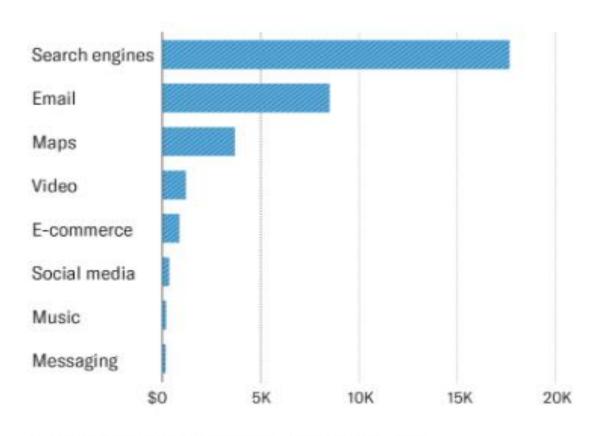
Source: Statistics Canada, special tabulation.

## Moving from averages to distributions?

Share of Personal Income (2016) by Decile (US)



## Should we value—free" digital services?



From: "How Should We Measure the Digital Economy?" by Erik Brynjolfsson and Avinash Collis, November-December 2019

THBR























# Should we include human capital in the asset boundary

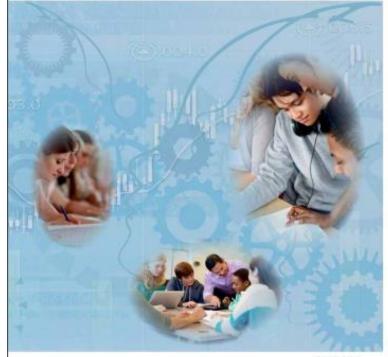
Table 6.10

Total wealth in Canada, billions of current dollars

	1990	2000	2010
Total capital stock	3,081	4,849	9,336
Non-human capital stock	2,251	3,351	6,358
Residential structures	560	861	1,746
Non-residential structures	596	775	1,364
Machinery and equipment	180	272	312
Intellectual property products	49	93	191
Consumer durables	222	333	489
Inventories	142	187	232
Weapons systems	5	5	7
Land	497	825	2,017
Human capital stock	830	1,498	2,977
Addendum			
Ratio of human to nonhuman capital stock	0.37	0.45	0.47

**47%** (HK/NHK)

#### **Guide on Measuring Human Capital**





# How can we better reflect the interaction between the economy and the environment

### **Environmental Issues**





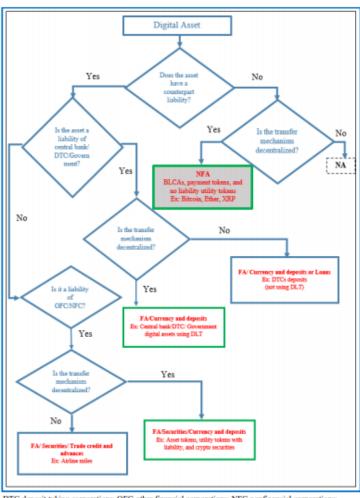


**Biodiversity** 

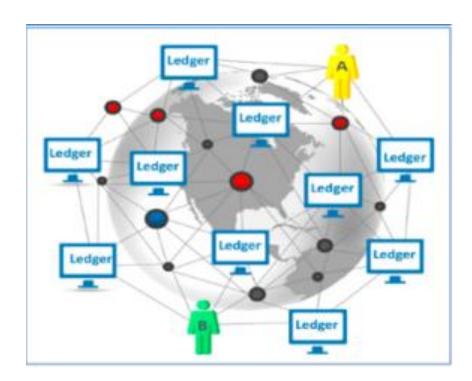
Sustainability



# What are cryptocurrencies



DTC-deposit-taking corporations; OFC-other financial corporations; NFC-nonfinancial corporations; FA-financial assets; NFA-nonfinancial assets



**Distributed Ledgers** 

# What is the size of the Informal Economy?

	Official	Medina and		Reference Year of
Country	Estimate	Schneider 2019	Difference	Official estimate
Namibia	1.2	31.4	-30.2	2001
Tanzania	3.6	47.2	-43.6	2015
Botswana	5	26.9	-21.9	2007
Fiji	9.8	23.4	-13.6	2018
Sierra Leone	10	36.1	-26.1	2011
South Africa	11.2	24.1	12.9	2013
Cabo Verde	12.1	29.3	-17.2	2015
Angola	15	39.9	-24.9	2009
Malawi	20	33.9	-13.9	2017
Gambia	21	42.5	-21.5	2013
Mali	25	32.7	-7.7	2013
Zimbabwe	25	46	-21	2017
Ethiopia	30	29.6	0.4	2013
Lebanon	30	27.1	2.9	2011
Kenya	31.4	26.7	4.7	2015
Belize	35	41.1	-6.1	2014
Nigeria	35	53.2	-18.2	2010
Burkina Faso	44.7	33.1	11.6	2017
Cameroon	46.8	29.3	17.5	2016
Congo (Democratic Republic)	42	43.1	4.9	2013
Benin	62.8	47.6	15.2	2015

Source: 2017 IMF Regional Economic Outlook: Sub-Saharan Africa; IMF survey of national statistical offices on informal economy estimates (2020)

Official estimates of the "informal economy" selected countries

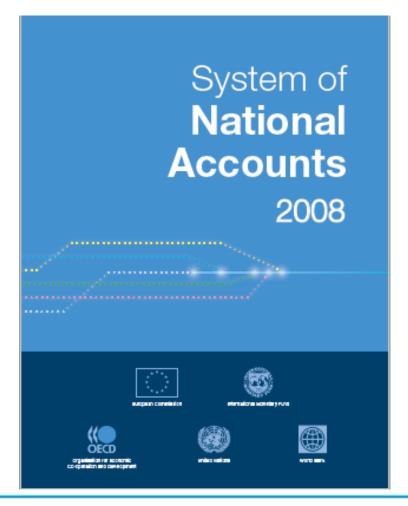
→ Ethiopia 30%

Benin 63%

Fiji 10%

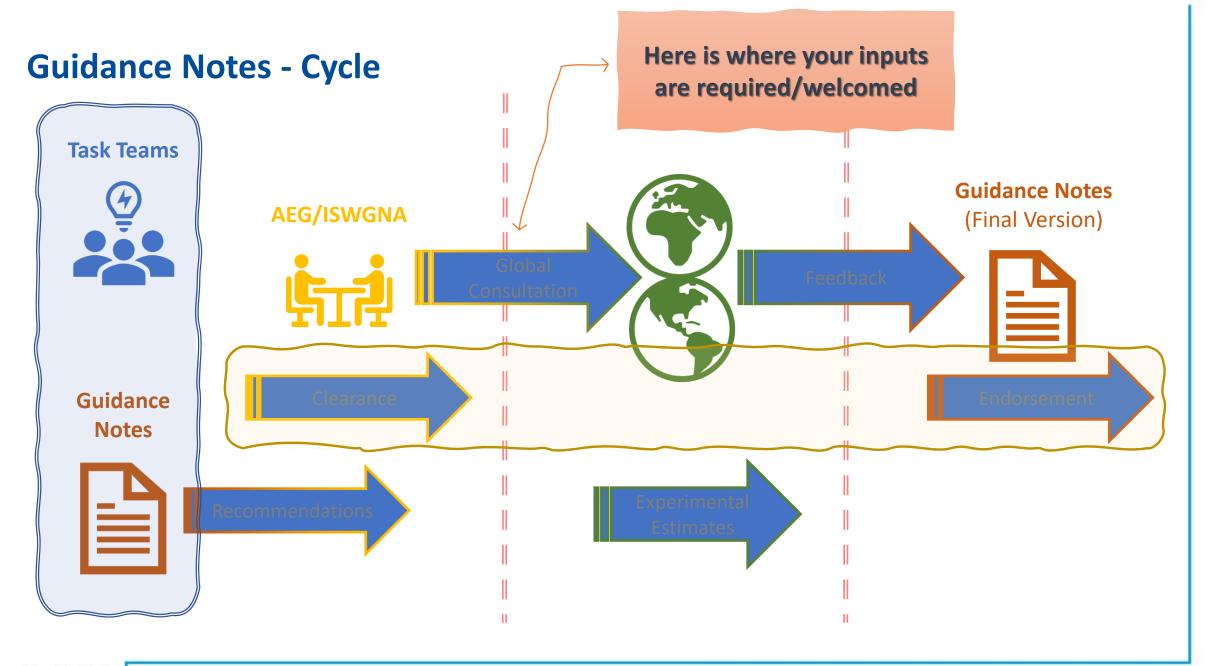


# What is the difference between property income and rental income

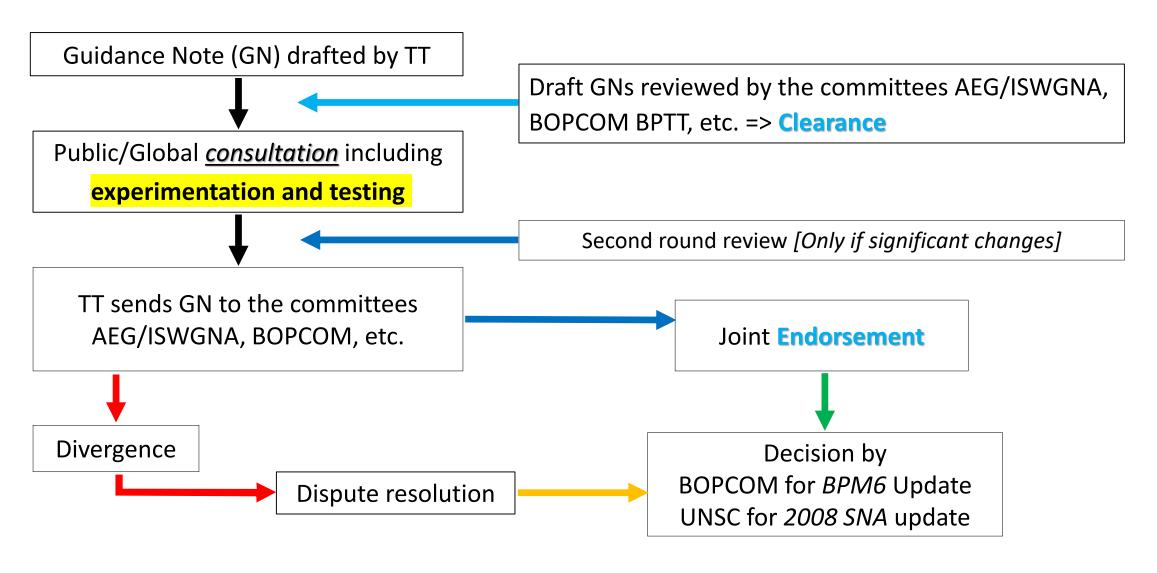


**Outdated Terms?** 

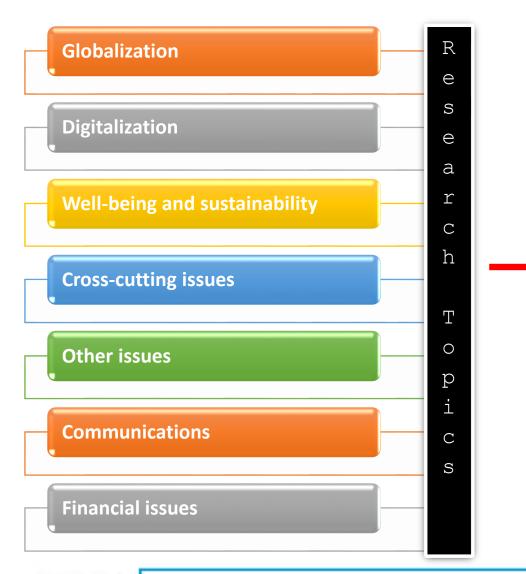
- Primary Income
- Resources / Uses
- > Generation of income account?



### **Guidance Note Life Cycle**







### Task Teams

**GZTT** Globalization

DZTT Digitalization

WSTT Well-being and sustainability

IFTT Islamic Finance

**CMTT** Communication

FITT Financial issues

IETT Informal Economy

BPTT Balance of Payments

## Task Teams (Secretariats)

GZTT IMF

DZTT Eurostat

WSTT OECD

IFTT UNSD and ESCWA

CMTT IMF, World Bank, UNSD

FITT IMF, Eurostat, OECD

IETT IMF and UNSD

BPTT IMF

## Guidance notes (#75) Globalization\* Digitalization\* 9 Well-being and sustainability 14 Islamic Finance 6 Communication Financial issues\* 18 **Informal Economy** 4

Balance of Payments\*

Statistics Division

\* Some GNs are being developed by joint TT

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### **Assessment and Experimental Estimates Component (AEE)**

- Baseline assessment
  - ✓ Structural information
  - ✓ Specific information
- Experimental Estimates / Early Implementation

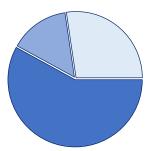
 Reporting/gathering results (central repository)



Implementation feasibility of the recommendations



Impact assessment of the recommendations



Feedback – information sharing

### Questions for consideration:

 What would be the main priority or most relevant issues for your country?

- Do plan to participate in the global consultation?
  - o If not, why? Is there anything we can do to help you participate?

# Thank you

